pyAT: AT but for Python

Will Rogers Diamond Light Source

Disclaimer 1: I am more software engineer than physicist

> **Disclaimer 2:** I'm new to AT

Why Python?

- Python is great
- We do lots of things in Python at DLS
- Matlab can be a pain for writing applications



Why AT?

- I couldn't find an accelerator model that I could call from Python
- Boaz seemed keen
- DLS accelerator physicists like AT
- I could see a way to get started

How?

- The AT core is written in C
- The physics was already separated from the Matlab-specific stuff
- We wrote the equivalent Python-specific stuff
 - Numpy for arrays
- It compiles on Linux, Mac, Windows
- Supports Python 2 and 3
- Laurent Farvacque, Nicola, and Boaz did a lot of work

Does it work?

- Yes the numbers are identical since the underlying code is the same
- We've got a bunch of tests making sure we don't break things in future
- We can load lattices from .mat files



Is it done?

- No
- We have a tracking engine C code
- In AT there are many physics functions Matlab code
- We need a subset of these physics functions
- We can test to make sure they give the same answers

Distribution

- Upload to PyPI?
 - https://pypi.python.org/pypi
 - pip install pyat
 - (actually not pyat)
- Anaconda?
 - conda install pyat



Collaboration

- The ESRF people have been great
 - No forks, no conflicts
 - Put in lots of their time to help
 - Thanks!
- http://atcollab.sourceforge.net/



Git ... ?

- Subversion is a hassle
- Git is more complicated
 - But you never want to go back
- https://github.com/willrogers/at
 - Also Github is great





Licences

• For discussion?

Parallelisation

• You should be able to parallelise tracking on multiple particles using the multiprocessing module



MML / PML

- I have a student working on a basic MML-style application
- Useful for global machine software e.g. feedback systems
- pyAT could provide an on-line model

Anything else?

